

# User's Guide

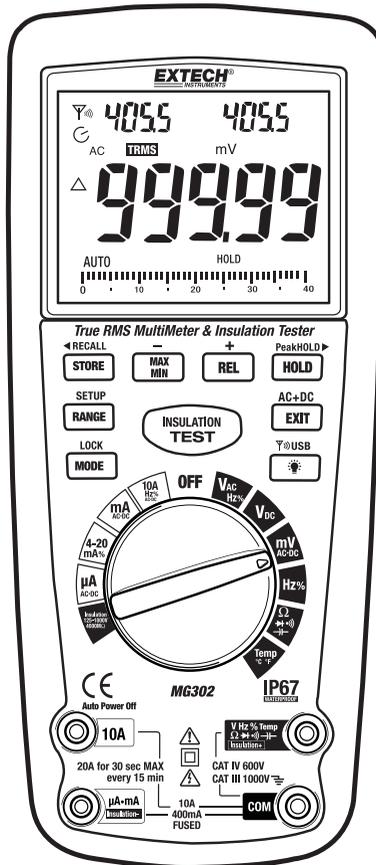
# EXTECH<sup>®</sup>

INSTRUMENTS

A FLIR COMPANY

## Wireless TRMS Multimeter and Insulation Tester

### Model MG302



## Introduction

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Congratulations on your purchase of the MG300 True RMS MultiMeter Insulation Resistance Tester. This meter measures AC/DC Voltage, AC/DC Current, Resistance, Capacitance, Frequency (electrical & electronic), Duty Cycle, Diode Test, Insulation Resistance, and Continuity plus Thermocouple Temperature. The MG300 can store and recall measurement data and features a waterproof, rugged design for heavy duty use. This meter can transmit data wirelessly when linked to a PC. Proper use and care of this meter will provide many years of reliable service.

## Safety

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This symbol adjacent to another symbol, terminal or operating device indicates that the operator must refer to an explanation in the Operating Instructions to avoid personal injury or damage to the meter.

**WARNING**

This **WARNING** symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

**CAUTION**

This **CAUTION** symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result damage to the product.



This symbol advises the user that the terminal(s) so marked must not be connected to a circuit point at which the voltage with respect to earth ground exceeds (in this case) 1000 VAC or VDC.



This symbol adjacent to one or more terminals identifies them as being associated with ranges that may, in normal use, be subjected to particularly hazardous voltages. For maximum safety, the meter and its test leads should not be handled when these terminals are energized.



This symbol indicates that a device is protected throughout by double insulation or reinforced insulation.

### PER IEC1010 OVERVOLTAGE INSTALLATION CATEGORY

#### OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY I

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY I is equipment for connection to circuits in which measures are taken to limit the transient overvoltages to an appropriate low level.

Note – Examples include protected electronic circuits.

#### OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY II

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY II is energy-consuming equipment to be supplied from the fixed installation.

Note – Examples include household, office, and laboratory appliances.

#### OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III is equipment in fixed installations.

Note – Examples include switches in the fixed installation and some equipment for industrial use with permanent connection to the fixed installation.

#### OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY IV

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY IV is for use at the origin of the installation.

Note – Examples include electricity meters and primary over-current protection equipment

## SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This meter has been designed for safe use, but must be operated with caution. The rules listed below must be carefully followed for safe operation.

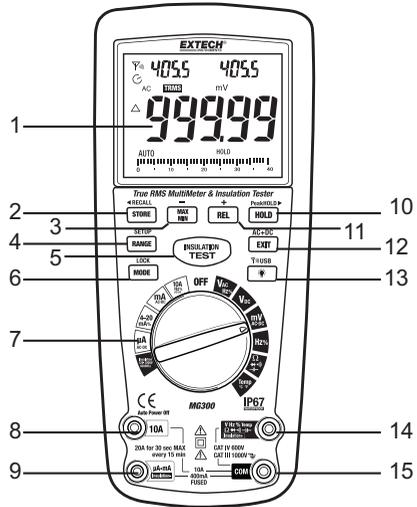
1. **NEVER** apply voltage or current to the meter that exceeds the specified maximum:

| Input Protection Limits  |  |
|--|--|
| Function   | Maximum Input  |
| V DC or V AC   | 1000VDC/AC rms   |
| mA AC/DC   | 500mA 1000V fast acting fuse   |
| A AC/DC  | 10A 1000V fast acting fuse (20A for 30 seconds max every 15 minutes) |
| Frequency, Resistance, Capacitance, Duty Cycle, Diode Test, Continuity | 1000VDC/AC rms   |
| Temperature  | 1000VDC/AC rms   |
| Surge Protection: 8kV peak per IEC 61010                               |  |

2. **USE EXTREME CAUTION** when working with high voltages.
3. **DO NOT** measure voltage if the voltage on the "COM" input jack exceeds 1000V above earth ground.
4. **NEVER** connect the meter leads across a voltage source while the function switch is in the current, resistance, or diode mode. Doing so can damage the meter.
5. **ALWAYS** discharge filter capacitors in power supplies and disconnect the power when making resistance or diode tests.
6. **ALWAYS** turn off the power and disconnect the test leads before opening the covers to replace the fuse or batteries.
7. **NEVER** operate the meter unless the back cover and the battery and fuse covers are in place and fastened securely.
8. If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

## Controls and Jacks

1. 40,000 count LCD display
2. MAX/MIN ( - ) button
3. STORE (<RECALL) button
4. RANGE(SETUP) button
5. INSULATION TEST button
6. MODE button
7. Function switch
8. 10A input jack
9. mA,  $\mu$ A, Insulation (-) jack
10. HOLD (PEAKHOLD>) button
11. REL (+) button
12. EXIT (AC+DC) button
13. Backlight button
14. Positive and Insulation (+) input jack
15. COM input jack



**Note:** Tilt stand and battery compartment are on rear of unit.

## Symbols and Annunciators

|              |                                   |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| •)))         | Continuity                        |
|              | Diode test                        |
|              | Battery status                    |
| n            | nano ( $10^{-9}$ ) (capacitance)  |
| $\mu$        | micro ( $10^{-6}$ ) (amps, cap)   |
| m            | milli ( $10^{-3}$ ) (volts, amps) |
| A            | Amps                              |
| k            | kilo ( $10^3$ ) (ohms)            |
| F            | Farads (capacitance)              |
| M            | mega ( $10^6$ ) (ohms)            |
| $\Omega$     | Ohms                              |
| Hz           | Hertz (frequency)                 |
| %            | Percent (duty ratio)              |
| AC           | Alternating current               |
| DC           | Direct current                    |
| $^{\circ}$ F | Degrees Fahrenheit                |
| MAX          | Maximum                           |
| No.          | Serial number                     |
| SET          | Setup parameter                   |
| TRMS         | True RMS                          |
| RCL          | Recall                            |
|              | Auto Power off enabled            |
| 4055         | Auxiliary Displays                |

|              |                                      |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|
|              | RF transmitter active                |
| PEAK         | Peak Hold                            |
| V            | Volts                                |
| $\Delta$     | Relative                             |
| AUTO         | Autoranging                          |
| HOLD         | Display hold                         |
| $^{\circ}$ C | Degrees Celsius                      |
| MIN          | Minimum                              |
| S            | second                               |
| AC +DC       | Alternating current + Direct current |
| STO          | Store                                |
| AUTO         | Auto Range                           |
|              | Backlight                            |



## Operating Instructions

**WARNING:** Risk of electrocution. High-voltage circuits, both AC and DC, are very dangerous and should be measured with great care.

1. ALWAYS turn the function switch to the **OFF** position when the meter is not in use.
2. If “OL” appears in the display during a measurement, the value exceeds the range you have selected. Change to a higher range.

### DC VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS

**CAUTION:** Do not measure DC voltages if a motor on the circuit is being switched ON or OFF. Large voltage surges may occur that can damage the meter.

1. Set the function switch to the **VDC** position.
2. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative **COM** jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive **V** jack.
3. Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
4. Read the voltage in the display.

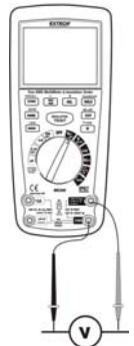


### AC VOLTAGE (FREQUENCY, DUTY CYCLE) MEASUREMENTS

**WARNING:** Risk of Electrocution. The probe tips may not be long enough to contact the live parts inside some 240V outlets for appliances because the contacts are recessed deep in the outlets. As a result, the reading may show 0 volts when the outlet actually has voltage on it. Make sure the probe tips are touching the metal contacts inside the outlet before assuming that no voltage is present.

**CAUTION:** Do not measure AC voltages if a motor on the circuit is being switched ON or OFF. Large voltage surges may occur that can damage the meter.

1. Set the function switch to the **VAC/Hz/%** position.
2. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative **COM** jack. Insert red test lead banana plug into the positive **V** jack.
3. Touch the black test probe tip to the neutral side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the “hot” side of the circuit.
4. Read the voltage in the main display and the frequency in the right auxiliary display
5. Press and hold the **MODE** button for 2 seconds to indicate “Hz”.
6. Read the frequency in the main display.
7. Press the **MODE** button again to indicate “%”.
8. Read the % of duty cycle in the main display.
9. Press **EXIT** to return to AC volts display
10. With ACV in the main display, press and hold **EXIT** for 2 seconds to measure AC+DC.



## mV VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS

**CAUTION:** Do not measure mV voltages if a motor on the circuit is being switched ON or OFF. Large voltage surges may occur that can damage the meter.

1. Set the function switch to the mV position.
2. Press the **MODE** button to indicate “DC” or “AC”
3. In AC mode, press and hold **EXIT** for two seconds to select “AC+DC”
4. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative **COM** jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive **V** jack.
5. Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
6. Read the mV voltage in the main display.



## DC CURRENT MEASUREMENTS

**CAUTION:** Do not make 20A current measurements for longer than 30 seconds. Exceeding 30 seconds may cause damage to the meter and/or the test leads.

1. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative **COM** jack.
2. For current measurements up to 4000 $\mu$ A DC, set the function switch to the  **$\mu$ A** position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the  **$\mu$ A/mA** jack.
3. For current measurements up to 400mA DC, set the function switch to the **mA** position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the  **$\mu$ A/mA** jack.
4. For current measurements up to 20A DC, set the function switch to the **10A/HZ/%** position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the **10A** jack.
5. Press the **MODE** button to indicate “DC” on the display.
6. Remove power from the circuit under test, then open up the circuit at the point where you wish to measure current.
7. Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
8. Apply power to the circuit.
9. Read the current in the display.



## AC+DC

In the VAC, mV(AC), 10A(AC), mA(AC) and  $\mu$ A(AC) measurement modes, press the **EXIT** button for 2 seconds to enter AC+DC test mode. The LCD shows the AC+DC icon. Press **EXIT** to exit this mode.

## AC CURRENT (FREQUENCY, DUTY CYCLE) MEASUREMENTS

**CAUTION:** Do not make 20A current measurements for longer than 30 seconds. Exceeding 30 seconds may cause damage to the meter and/or the test leads.

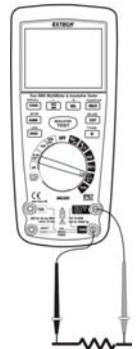
1. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative **COM** jack.
2. For current measurements up to 4000 $\mu$ A AC, set the function switch to the  **$\mu$ A** position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the  **$\mu$ A/mA** jack.
3. For current measurements up to 400mA AC, set the function switch to the **mA** position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the  **$\mu$ A/mA** jack.
4. For current measurements up to 20A AC, set the function switch to the **10A/HZ/%** position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the **10A** jack.
5. Press the **MODE** button to indicate “AC” on the display.
6. Press and hold EXIT for 2 seconds to select AC+DC.
7. Remove power from the circuit under test, then open up the circuit at the point where you wish to measure current.
8. Touch the black test probe tip to the neutral side of the circuit.  
Touch the red test probe tip to the “hot” side of the circuit.
9. Apply power to the circuit.
10. Read the current in the display.
11. In the 10A range:
  - a) Frequency is displayed in the upper right display.
  - b) Press and hold the **MODE** button to display “Hz” in the main display.
  - c) Momentarily press the **MODE** button again to display “%” in the main display.
12. Press and hold the **MODE** button to return to current measurement.



## RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

**WARNING:** To avoid electric shock, disconnect power to the unit under test and discharge all capacitors before taking any resistance measurements. Remove the batteries and unplug the line cords.

1. Set the function switch to the  **$\Omega$  CAP**  $\rightarrow$   $\rightarrow$  position.
2. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative **COM** jack.  
Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive  **$\Omega$**  jack.
3. Press the **MODE** button to indicate “ $\Omega$ ” on the display.
4. Touch the test probe tips across the circuit or part under test. It is best to disconnect one side of the part under test so the rest of the circuit will not interfere with the resistance reading.
5. Read the resistance in the display.



## CONTINUITY CHECK

**WARNING:** To avoid electric shock, never measure continuity on circuits or wires that have voltage on them.

1. Set the function switch to the **Ω CAP**  position.
2. Insert the black lead banana plug into the negative **COM** jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive **Ω** jack.
3. Press the **MODE** button to indicate "" and "**Ω**" on the display.
4. Touch the test probe tips to the circuit or wire you wish to check.
5. If the resistance is less than approximately  $35\Omega$ , the audible signal will sound. If the circuit is open, the display will indicate "**OL**".



## DIODE TEST

1. Set the function switch to the **Ω CAP**  position.
2. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative **COM** jack and the red test lead banana plug into the positive **V** jack.
3. Press the **MODE** button to indicate "" and "**V**" on the display.
4. Touch the test probes to the diode under test. Forward voltage will typically indicate 0.400 to 0.700V. Reverse voltage will indicate "**OL**". Shorted devices will indicate near 0V and an open device will indicate "**OL**" in both polarities.



## CAPACITANCE MEASUREMENTS

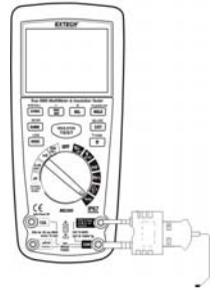
**WARNING:** To avoid electric shock, disconnect power to the unit under test and discharge all capacitors before taking any capacitance measurements. Remove the batteries and unplug the line cords.

1. Set the rotary function switch to the **Ω CAP**  position.
2. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative **COM** jack.
3. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive **V** jack.
4. Press the **MODE** button to indicate "**F**".
5. Touch the test leads to the capacitor to be tested.
6. Read the capacitance value in the display.



## TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENTS

1. Set the function switch to the **Temp** position.
2. Insert the Temperature Probe into the input jacks, making sure to observe the correct polarity.
3. Press the **MODE** button to indicate “**°F**” or “**°C**”
4. Touch the Temperature Probe head to the part whose temperature you wish to measure. Touch the part under test with the probe until the reading stabilizes.
5. Read the temperature in the display.



**Note:** The temperature probe is fitted with a type K mini connector. A mini connector to banana connector adaptor is supplied for connection to the input banana jacks.

## FREQUENCY (DUTY CYCLE) MEASUREMENTS (ELECTRONIC)

1. Set the rotary function switch to the **Hz/%** position.
2. Insert the black lead banana plug into the negative **COM** jack and the red test lead banana plug into the positive **Hz** jack.
3. Touch the test probe tips to the circuit under test.
4. Read the frequency on the display.
5. Press the **MODE** button to indicate “**%**”.
6. Read the % duty cycle in the display.



## % 4 – 20mA MEASUREMENTS

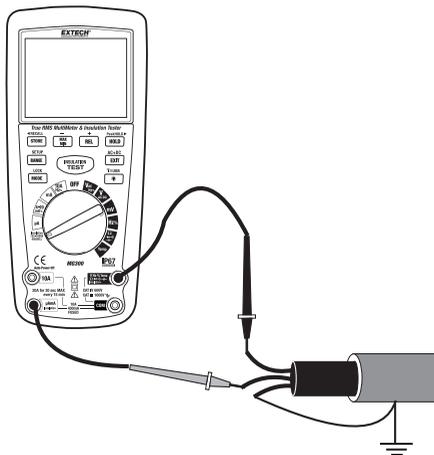
1. Set up and connect the meter as described for DC mA measurements.
2. Set the rotary function switch to the **4-20mA%** position.
3. The meter will display loop current as a % with 0mA=-25%, 4mA=0%, 20mA=100%, and 24mA=125%.

## INSULATION RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

**Note:** Disconnect the unit under test from all power sources and isolate it from any stray resistance.

1. Set the rotary function switch to the INSULATION position
2. Press the **RANGE** button to select the test voltage as indicated on the top left display.
3. Connect the red test lead to the meter's INSULATION ( + ) jack and the black test lead to the INSULATION ( - ) jack. Connect the probe end of the test leads to the circuit under test.
4. Press and hold the **TEST** button to test (alternatively, press and hold the **LOCK** key until the display shows LOCK and then momentarily press the **TEST** button to start a hands free test).  
Note: If the circuit under test is live and has a voltage potential (AC/DC) over 30V, the meter it will not test (the display will show ">30V", the ⚡ symbol will flash, and the buzzer will sound). If the circuit under test is not live or if its voltage is less than 30V, the meter will begin applying high-voltage to the circuit under test.
5. The primary display and the analog bargraph will show the insulation resistance in MΩ.
6. The test voltage (VDC) value will be indicated in the right-most auxiliary display, the ⚡ symbol will flash and the caution buzzer will sound.
7. Release the TEST button to stop the test (to stop a hands free LOCK test, press and hold the release button for 2 seconds). The high voltage will switch off and the resistance values indicated in the primary display hold.
8. Subsequently, the meter will internally discharge the balance of the insulation test voltage.

Note: Turning the function switch to another test position or pressing the EXIT button will abort an Insulation resistance test.



## AUTORANGING/MANUAL RANGE SELECTION

When the meter is first turned on, it automatically enters the AUTO RANGE mode. This automatically selects the best range for the measurements being made and is generally the best mode for most measurements. For measurement situations requiring that a range be manually selected, perform the following:

1. Press the **RANGE** key. The "**AUTO**" display indicator will turn off.
2. Press the **RANGE** key to step through the available ranges.
3. To exit the MANUAL RANGE mode, press **EXIT**

**Note:** MANUAL RANGE is not available for the Temperature functions.

## MAX/MIN

1. Press the **MAX/MIN** key to activate the MAX/MIN recording mode. The display icon "**MAX**" will appear. The meter's left-most auxiliary display will show and hold the maximum reading, updating only when a new "MAX" occurs. The display icon "**MIN**" will then appear. The right-most auxiliary display will show and hold the minimum reading, updating only when a new "MIN" occurs.
2. To exit MAX/MIN mode press **EXIT**.

## RELATIVE MODE

The relative measurement mode displays readings that are relative to a stored reference value. A reference voltage, current, etc. can be stored and measurements are made in comparison to that value. The displayed value is the difference between the reference value and the measured value.

1. Perform the measurement as described in the operating instructions.
2. Press the **REL** button to store a reference reading; the "**▲**" indicator will appear on the display.
3. The auxiliary display on the right displays the initial reading (the stored value).
4. The auxiliary display on the left displays the actual currently measured value.
5. The main display shows the Relative value (measured value minus the stored value).

## AC+DC

In the VAC, mV(AC), 10A(AC), mA(AC) and uA(AC) measurement modes, press the EXIT button for 2 seconds to enter AC+DC test mode. The LCD shows the AC+DC icon. Press EXIT to exit this mode.

## DISPLAY BACKLIGHT

Press the  key to switch the backlight on. The backlight will automatically switch off after the SET time has expired. Press the **EXIT** button to exit the backlight on mode.

## HOLD

The hold function freezes the reading in the display. Press the **HOLD** key momentarily to activate or to exit the **HOLD** function.

## PEAK HOLD

The Peak Hold function captures the peak AC or DC voltage or current. The meter can capture negative or positive readings as fast as 1 millisecond in duration. Momentarily press the **PEAK** button, "**PEAK**" and "**MAX**" will display in the left auxiliary display. "**MIN**" will display in right auxiliary display. The meter will update the display each time a greater value occurs. Press the **EXIT** button to exit the PEAK HOLD mode. Auto Power Off feature will be disabled automatically in this mode.

## DATA STORAGE

1. Set the function switch to the measurement function desired.
2. Press the **STORE** button to access the recording interval time set up function.
3. The auxiliary display on the left indicates 0000 S, which is the recording sample rate; use the **+** & **-** buttons to select the desired sample rate (0 to 255 seconds)
4. Set the sample rate to 0000 S for manual recording. In this mode, each press of the **STORE** button will save one measurement reading.
5. Set the sample rate (from 1 to 255 S) for automatic recording. In this mode, pressing the **STORE** button will start data recording at the programmed sample rate.
6. The auxiliary display on the left indicates the current storage location (0000 to 9999). New measurements will begin storing into the next available location.
7. Press and hold the **STORE** button for 2 seconds to enter the RECALL mode or press **EXIT** to return to the normal operating mode.

## DATA STORAGE RECALL

1. Press and hold the **STORE** button for two seconds (if not already done as instructed in step 7 in the above procedure) to enter the RECALL function.
2. The auxiliary display on the left will show XXXX (current storage location). The auxiliary display on the right will show XXXX (number of storage locations used).
3. Use the **+** and **-** buttons to navigate the storage locations. The value for the selected location is indicated in the main display.
4. Press the **EXIT** button to end the recall session.

## CLEAR ALL DATA

1. From the OFF position, press and hold the RANGE button while turning the function switch to any on position
2. Release the RANGE button. The memory has been cleared.

## PC WIRELESS COMMUNICATION

1. Install and launch the PC software (refer to the HELP utility contained in the software for more details)
2. Press and Hold the backlight/USB button for two seconds to enter RF wireless transmit mode
3. The RF icon (📶) will appear on the display
4. When communication is established, the RF icon on the display will blink and the LED indicator on the receiver will blink
5. Once per second, the data will be displayed on the PC screen (plotted on the graph and inserted to the data list)
6. Hold the backlight button for two seconds to exit the RF wireless transmit mode

## SENDING STORED DATA TO THE PC

1. Launch the PC software
2. Press the STORE button for two seconds to enter into data RECALL function.
3. Press the HOLD button for two seconds. The RF transmit icon will flash while the stored data is sent to the PC

**NOTE:** Refer to the HELP utility included in the supplied software program for in-depth software instructions.

## SETUP

1. Press and Hold the RANGE/SETUP button for two seconds to enter the SET function. The first of five settable functions will appear.
2. Press the RANGE button to step through the functions  
a: Alarm High limit buzzer alarm      OFF or Value  
b: Alarm Low limit buzzer alarm      OFF or Value  
c: Auto power off time                  OFF, 10 to 30 sec  
d: Button beeper                          ON/OFF  
e : Back light time                        OFF, 10 to 30 sec
3. Use the +, -, ◀ and ▶ buttons to select and change conditions and digits.
4. Press the RANGE/SETUP button until the meter returns to the normal display to exit this mode.

## ALARM LIMITS

1. Press and Hold the SETUP button for two seconds to enter the High Limit function.
2. Press the ▶ button to select a digit for adjustment
3. Press the + or – button to adjust the value of the digit
4. Press the ◀ button to turn the alarm OFF.
5. Press the SETUP button and repeat the procedure to set the low limit
6. Press the SETUP button to step through the other functions and return to the normal operating mode.
7. The meter will “beep” if the measured value is greater than the high limit or lower than the low limit.

## LOW BATTERY INDICATION

When the  icon appears in the display, the battery should be replaced.

## Maintenance

**WARNING:** To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the back cover or the battery or fuse covers.

**WARNING:** To avoid electric shock, do not operate your meter until the battery and fuse covers are in place and fastened securely.

This MultiMeter is designed to provide years of dependable service, if the following care instructions are performed:

1. **KEEP THE METER DRY.** If it gets wet, wipe it off.
2. **USE AND STORE THE METER IN NORMAL TEMPERATURES.** Temperature extremes can shorten the life of the electronic parts and distort or melt plastic parts.
3. **HANDLE THE METER GENTLY AND CAREFULLY.** Dropping it can damage the electronic parts or the case.
4. **KEEP THE METER CLEAN.** Wipe the case occasionally with a damp cloth. **DO NOT** use chemicals, cleaning solvents, or detergents.
5. **USE ONLY FRESH BATTERIES OF THE RECOMMENDED SIZE AND TYPE.** Remove old or weak batteries so they do not leak and damage the unit.
6. **IF THE METER IS TO BE STORED FOR A LONG PERIOD OF TIME,** the batteries should be removed to prevent damage to the unit.

### BATTERY INSTALLATION

**WARNING:** To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the battery cover.

1. Turn power off and disconnect the test leads from the meter.
2. Open the rear battery cover by removing four screws using a Phillips head screwdriver.
3. Insert the battery into battery holder, observing the correct polarity.
4. Put the battery cover back in place. Secure with the screws.



You, as the end user, are legally bound (**EU Battery ordinance**) to return all used batteries, **disposal in the household garbage is prohibited!** You can hand over your used batteries / accumulators at collection points in your community or wherever batteries / accumulators are sold!

**Disposal:** Follow the valid legal stipulations in respect of the disposal of the device at the end of its lifecycle

**WARNING:** To avoid electric shock, do not operate your meter until the battery cover is in place and fastened securely.

## REPLACING THE FUSES

**WARNING:** To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the meter cover.

1. Disconnect the test leads from the meter.
2. To replace the 500mA fuse only, remove the battery cover (four screws); the 500mA fuse will be visible and accessible.
3. To replace the 10A fuse, remove the six screws securing the rear cover and remove the rear cover.
4. Gently remove the old fuses and install the new fuses into the holders.
5. Always use a fuse of the proper size and value (0.5A/1000V fast blow for the 400mA range [SIBA 70-172-40], 10A/1000V fast blow for the 20A range [SIBA 50-199-06]).
6. Replace and secure the rear cover, battery and battery cover.

**WARNING:** To avoid electric shock, do not operate your meter until the fuse cover is in place and fastened securely.

## Specifications

| Function  | Range   | Resolution | Accuracy                    |
|---|---|------------|-----------------------------|
| DC Voltage  | 400mV   | 0.01mV     | ±(0.06% reading + 4 digits) |
|   | 4V  | 0.0001V    |                             |
|   | 40V   | 0.001V     |                             |
|   | 400V  | 0.01V      |                             |
|   | 1000V   | 0.1V       |                             |
| AC Voltage<br>(AC+DC)<br>50 to 1000Hz                                 | 400mV   | 0.1mV      | ±(1.0% reading + 7 digits)  |
|   | 4V  | 0.001V     |                             |
|   | 40V   | 0.01V      | ±(1.0% reading + 5 digits)  |
|   | 400V  | 0.1V       |                             |
|   | 1000V   | 1V         |                             |
|   | All AC voltage ranges are specified from 5% of range to 100% of range |            |                             |
| DC Current  | 400µA   | 0.01µA     | ±(1.0% reading + 3 digits)  |
|   | 4000µA  | 0.1µA      |                             |
|   | 40mA  | 0.001mA    |                             |
|   | 400mA   | 0.01mA     |                             |
|   | 10A   | 0.001A     |                             |
|   | (20A: 30 sec max with reduced accuracy)                               |            |                             |
| AC Current<br>(AC+DC)<br>50 to 1000Hz                                 | 400µA   | 0.1µA      | ±(1.5% reading + 7 digits)  |
|   | 4000µA  | 1µA        |                             |
|   | 40mA  | 0.01mA     |                             |
|   | 400mA   | 0.1mA      |                             |
|   | 10A   | 0.01A      |                             |
|   | (20A: 30 sec max with reduced accuracy)                               |            |                             |
| All AC voltage ranges are specified from 5% of range to 100% of range |   |            |                             |

**NOTE:** Accuracy is stated at 65°F to 83°F (18°C to 28°C) and less than 75% RH.

| Function  | Range  | Resolution            | Accuracy   |
|---|--|-----------------------|--|
| Resistance  | 400Ω   | 0.01Ω                 | ±(0.3% reading + 9 digits)                               |
|   | 4kΩ  | 0.0001kΩ              | ±(0.3% reading + 4 digits)                               |
|   | 40kΩ   | 0.001kΩ               |  |
|   | 400kΩ  | 0.01kΩ                |  |
|   | 4MΩ  | 0.0001MΩ              |  |
|   | 40MΩ   | 0.001MΩ               | ±(2.0% reading + 10 digits)                              |
| Capacitance   | 40nF   | 0.001nF               | ±(3.5% reading + 40 digits)                              |
|   | 400nF  | 0.01nF                | ±(3.5% reading + 10 digits)                              |
|   | 4μF  | 0.0001μF              |  |
|   | 40μF   | 0.001μF               |  |
|   | 400μF  | 0.01μF                |  |
|   | 4mF  | 0.0001mF              | ±(5% reading + 10 digits)                                |
| 40mF  | 0.001mF  |                       |  |
| Frequency<br>(electronic)   | 40Hz   | 0.001Hz               | ±(0.1% reading + 1 digits)                               |
|   | 400Hz  | 0.01Hz                |  |
|   | 4kHz   | 0.0001kHz             |  |
|   | 40kHz  | 0.001kHz              |  |
|   | 400kHz   | 0.01kHz               |  |
|   | 4MHz   | 0.0001MHz             |  |
|   | 40MHz  | 0.001MHz              |  |
|   | 100MHz   | 0.01MHz               | Not specified  |
| Sensitivity: 0.8V rms min. @ 20% to 80% duty cycle and <100kHz; 5Vrms min @ 20% to 80% duty cycle and > 100kHz. |  |                       |  |
| Frequency<br>(electrical)   | 40.00HZ-4KHz   | 0.01HZ to<br>0.001KHz | ±(0.5% reading)  |
|   | Sensitivity:5Vrms                                    |                       |  |
| Duty Cycle  | 0.1 to 99.90%  | 0.01%                 | ±(1.2% reading + 2 digits)                               |
|   | Pulse width: 100μs - 100ms, Frequency: 5Hz to 150kHz |                       |  |
| Temp<br>(type-K)  | -58 to 1832°F  | 0.1°F                 | ±(1.0% reading + 4.5°F)                                  |
|   | -50 to 1000°C  | 0.1°C                 | ±(1.0% reading + 2.5°C)<br>(probe accuracy not included) |
| 4-20mA%   | -25 to 125%  | 0.01%                 | ±50 digits   |
|   | 0mA=-25%, 4mA=0%, 20mA=100%, 24mA=125%               |                       |  |

**Note:** Accuracy specifications consist of two elements:

- (% reading) – This is the accuracy of the measurement circuit.
- (+ digits) – This is the accuracy of the analog to digital converter.

## Meg OHMS

| Terminal Voltage   | Range          | Resolution | Accuracy      | Test current        | Short circuit current |
|--------------------|----------------|------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 125V (0%~+10%)     | 0.125~4.000 MΩ | 0.001MΩ    | $\pm(2\%+10)$ | 1mA @ load<br>125kΩ | ≤1mA                  |
|                    | 4.001~40.00 MΩ | 0.01MΩ     | $\pm(2\%+10)$ |                     |                       |
|                    | 40.01~400.0 MΩ | 0.1MΩ      | $\pm(4\%+5)$  |                     |                       |
|                    | 400.1~4000 MΩ  | 1MΩ        | $\pm(5\%+5)$  |                     |                       |
| 250V (0%~+10%)     | 0.250~4.000 MΩ | 0.001MΩ    | $\pm(2\%+10)$ | 1mA @ load<br>250kΩ | ≤1mA                  |
|                    | 4.001~40.00 MΩ | 0.01MΩ     | $\pm(2\%+10)$ |                     |                       |
|                    | 40.01~400.0 MΩ | 0.1MΩ      | $\pm(3\%+5)$  |                     |                       |
|                    | 400.1~4000 MΩ  | 1MΩ        | $\pm(4\%+5)$  |                     |                       |
| 500V (0%~+10%)     | 0.500~4.000 MΩ | 0.001MΩ    | $\pm(2\%+10)$ | 1mA @ load<br>500kΩ | ≤1mA                  |
|                    | 4.001~40.00 MΩ | 0.01MΩ     | $\pm(2\%+10)$ |                     |                       |
|                    | 40.01~400.0 MΩ | 0.1MΩ      | $\pm(2\%+5)$  |                     |                       |
|                    | 400.1~4000 MΩ  | 1MΩ        | $\pm(4\%+5)$  |                     |                       |
| 1000V<br>(0%~+10%) | 1.000~4.000 MΩ | 0.001MΩ    | $\pm(3\%+10)$ | 1mA @ load<br>1MΩ   | ≤1mA                  |
|                    | 4.001~40.00 MΩ | 0.01MΩ     | $\pm(2\%+10)$ |                     |                       |
|                    | 40.01~400.0 MΩ | 0.1MΩ      | $\pm(2\%+5)$  |                     |                       |
|                    | 400.1~4000 MΩ  | 1MΩ        | $\pm(4\%+5)$  |                     |                       |

**Note:** Accuracy specifications consist of two elements:

- (% reading) – This is the accuracy of the measurement circuit.
- (+ digits) – This is the accuracy of the analog to digital converter.

|                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <b>Enclosure</b>              | Double molded, waterproof (IP67)   |
| <b>Shock (Drop Test)</b>      | 6.5 feet (2 meters)  |
| <b>Diode Test</b>             | Test current 0.9mA maximum, open circuit voltage 2.8V DC typical   |
| <b>Storage capacity</b>       | 8000 records   |
| <b>RF transmit distance</b>   | 10 meters (approx)   |
| <b>Transmitter Frequency</b>  | 433MHz   |
| <b>Continuity Check</b>       | Audible signal will sound if the resistance is less than 35Ω (approx.), test current <0.35mA   |
| <b>Peak</b>                   | Captures peaks >1ms  |
| <b>Temperature Sensor</b>     | Requires type K thermocouple   |
| <b>Input Impedance</b>        | >10MΩ VDC & >9MΩ VAC   |
| <b>AC Response</b>            | True rms   |
| <b>ACV Bandwidth</b>          | 50Hz to 1000Hz   |
| <b>Crest Factor</b>           | ≤3 at full scale up to 500V, decreasing linearly to ≤1.5 at 1000V  |
| <b>Display</b>                | 40,000 count, backlit, liquid-crystal display with bargraph  |
| <b>Overrange indication</b>   | "OL" is displayed  |
| <b>Auto Power Off</b>         | 15 minutes (approximately) with disable feature  |
| <b>Polarity</b>               | Automatic (no indication for positive); Minus (-) sign for negative  |
| <b>Measurement Rate</b>       | 2 times per second, nominal  |
| <b>Low Battery Indication</b> | "  " is displayed if battery voltage drops below operating voltage  |
| <b>Battery</b>                | Six (6) 1.5V 'AA' batteries  |
| <b>Fuses</b>                  | mA, μA ranges; 0.5A/1000V ceramic fast blow (SIBA 70-172-40)<br>A range; 10A/1000V ceramic fast blow (SIBA 50-199-06)  |
| <b>Operating Temperature</b>  | 5°C to 40°C (41°F to 104°F)  |
| <b>Storage Temperature</b>    | -20°C to 60°C (-4°F to 140°F)  |
| <b>Operating Humidity</b>     | Max 80% up to 31°C (87°F) decreasing linearly to 50% at 40°C (104°F)   |
| <b>Storage Humidity</b>       | <80%   |
| <b>Operating Altitude</b>     | 2000meters (7000ft) maximum  |
| <b>Weight</b>                 | 582g. (20.5 oz)  |
| <b>Size</b>                   | 200 x 92 x 50mm (7.8" x 3.6" x 1.9")   |
| <b>Safety</b>                 | This meter is intended for origin of installation use and protected, against the users, by double insulation per EN61010-1 and IEC61010-1 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition (2001) to Category IV 600V and Category III 1000V; Pollution Degree 2. |

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